

Slow Scan TV (SSTV) & Amateur Radio Phone Apps

Slow Scan TV (SSTV) History

- SSTV started late 1950's
 - First image across the Atlantic was 1959
- Way to share static images over long distances (narrow band)
 - Different mode than ATV / FSTV
- Early modes were limited by CRT's
- Several standards developed
 - Similar to TV, European Amateurs used different than US
 - Two manufacturers made incompatible hardware
 - Amateurs tinkered/improved transmission/reception modes
- Hidden in some games like Portal & even music!

What's SSTV Signal Like?

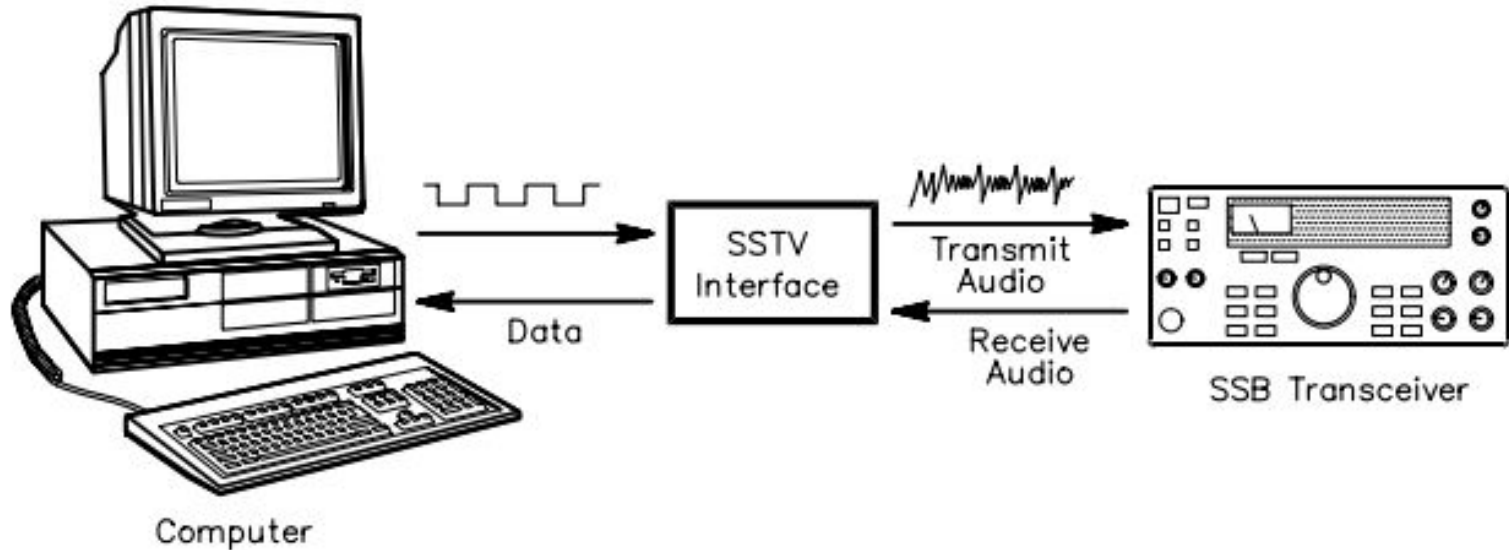
- Converts digital to analog - Audio Frequency Shift Keying (AFSK)
 - Example
- Frequencies range generally b/w 1200 & 2300 Hz
- Early modes were limited by CRT refresh rate! (<8-9 seconds)
 - Current modes can take up to 5 minutes!
- Most software today handles different modes
 - *Popular European modes:* Martin & Scottie
 - MMSSTV
 - *Space & other:* Robot36 & PD120

What's an Image Look Like?



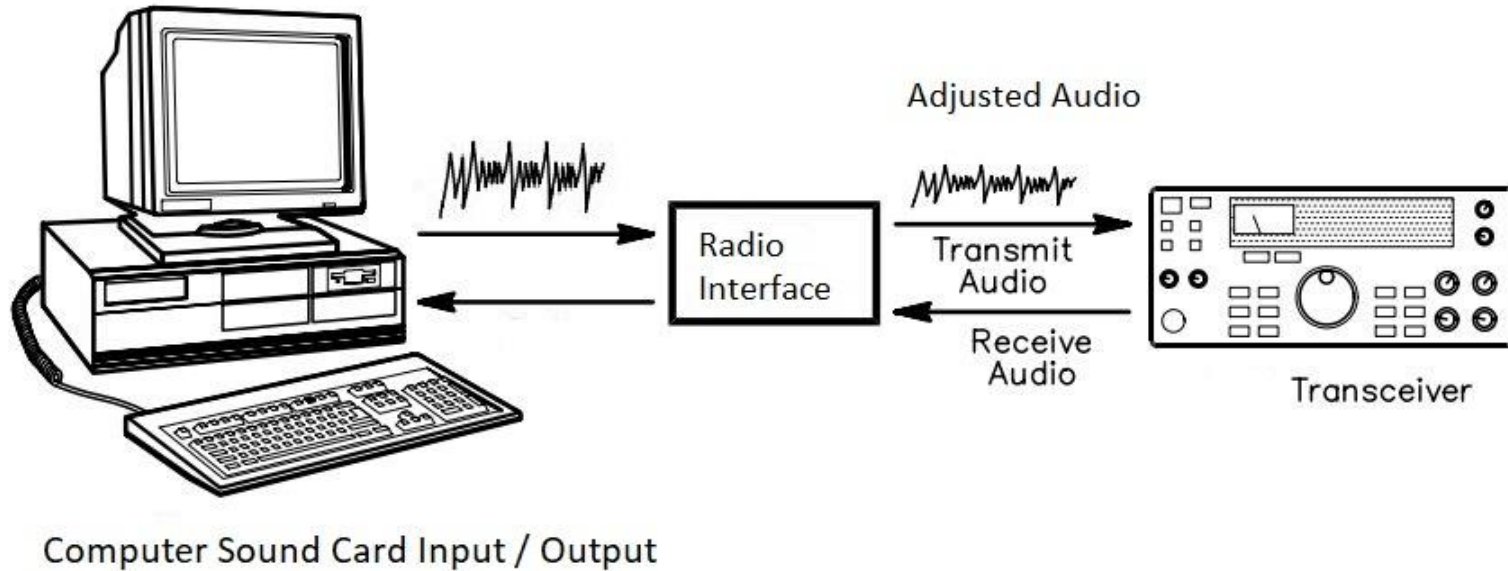
What's a Typical Setup?

- Using a PC with an interface to an amateur radio



What's a Typical Setup?

- Using a PC with a sound card to an amateur radio



Another Setup Option!

- Use a cellphone with an amateur radio



+



How Can I Encode/Decode an Image?

- MMSSTV (Windows): *<https://hamsoft.ca/pages/mmsstv.php>*
- YONIQ (Windows): *<http://radiogalena.es/yoniq/>*
- Multiscan (Mac): *<https://www.qsl.net/v/ve3elb/KD6CJI-MultiScan3B/>*
- QSSTV (Linux): *<https://github.com/ON4QZ/QSSTV>*
- Cellphones:
 - Robot36(Android): *Free at Google Play Store*
 - SSTV Encoder(Android): *Free at Google Play Store*
 - SSTV Pad (iOS): *\$3.99 at Apple App Store*